An Animal Contest 5 P2 - Permutations & Products

Time limit: 3.0s **Memory limit:** 256M

Larry the magical panda is bored of eating bamboo cookies, so he challenges you to a game. He has a permutation of $1, 2, \ldots, N$ which he calls A, and you have to guess the permutation by asking questions. The questions work as follows:

- You will give Larry two distinct indices i and j $(1 \le i, j \le N, i \ne j)$
- Larry will respond with the result of $A_i imes A_j$

Larry allows you to ask at most N-1 questions. Can you guess the permutation and win the game?

Constraints

 $3 < N < 10^5$

Subtask 1 [10%]

N = 3

Subtask 2 [90%]

No additional constraints.

Interaction

This is an interactive problem, where you and the judge exchange information back-and-forth to solve the problem.

At first, you should read in a line containing the integer N.

You will then start the interaction by proceeding with your questions. Each question should be formatted as ? i j followed by a \n character, with $1 \le i, j \le N$ and $i \ne j$. In response, you will be given $A_i \times A_j$ on its own line.

If you believe you have the solution, you may output $\ !$ followed by a space-separated list of N integers A_1,A_2,\ldots,A_N , the permutation A. You must terminate your program immediately after performing this operation. Note that this operation does not count towards the limit of N-1 questions.

If at any point you attempt an invalid question (such as an invalid output format or a prohibited pair of indices), or you exceed the limit of N-1 questions, the interactor will respond with -1. You should terminate your program immediately after receiving this feedback to receive a Wrong Answer verdict, or you may receive an arbitrary verdict. If the final list you output is incorrect, you will receive a Wrong Answer verdict. Otherwise, you will receive a verdict of Accepted for the corresponding test case.

Please note that you may need to flush stdout after each operation, or interaction may halt. In C++, this can be done with fflush(stdout) or cout << flush (depending on whether you use printf or cout). In Java, this can be done with System.out.flush(). In Python, you can use sys.stdout.flush().

Sample Interaction

>>> denotes your output. Do not print this out.

```
5
>>> ? 4 5
5
>>> ? 2 4
3
>>> ? 2 3
6
>>> ! 4 3 2 1 5
```