

CCO Preparation Test 6 P2 - An Easy Problem

Time limit: 0.6s **Memory limit:** 32M

Given an array A with N non-negative integers a_i ($1 \leq i \leq N$), find the longest subsequence B , where $b_i \& b_{i-1}$ is not 0.

NOTE: $\&$ is the bitwise and operation. A subsequence is a sequence that can be derived from another sequence by deleting some elements without changing the order of the remaining elements. The two adjacent elements in the subsequence B don't have to be consecutive in the original array A .

Input Specification

The first line consists of one integer N ($1 \leq N \leq 100\,000$).

The second line consists of N non-negative integers, a_i ($0 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$).

Output Specification

One integer, the longest length of the subsequence B .

Sample Input 1

```
4
1 2 3 4
```

Sample Output 1

```
2
```

Sample Input 2

```
8
1 2 1 2 1 2 1 4
```

Sample Output 2
